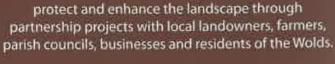
The Lincolnshire Wolds is a nationally important and cherished landscape. Most of it was designated an Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) in 1973. Covering an area of 558 square kilometres or 216. square miles, the rolling chalk hills of the AONB have been inhabited since prehistoric times, whilst the appearance of the countryside today has been greatly influenced by past and present agricultural practices.

The Lincolnshire Wolds Countryside Service helps to protect and enhance the landscape through partnership projects with local landowners, farmers,



Places of interest/refreshments nearby:-Legbourne Post Office and Shop - Tel: 01507 354947

The Royal Oak 'The Splash', Watery Lane, Little Cawthorpe Tel: 01507 600750 www.royaloaksplash.co.uk

Hedgehog Care, Authorpe - Lincolnshire's famous little hedgehog hospital Tel: 01507 450221 www.hedgehogcare.org.uk

Tourist Information



www.visiteastlincolnshire.com

tourism@e-lindsey.gov.uk 🜃 Visit East Lincolnshire 💆 @visiteastlincs



Lincolnshire Wolds Countryside Service, Navigation Warehouse, Riverhead Road, Louth, Lincolnshire LN11 0DA Tel: 01507 609740 www.lineswolds.org.uk aonb@fineswolds.org.uk

If you would like this leaflet in an alternative format please contact us.



Legbourne to Authorpe and back

Passing through a series of lovely Lincolnshire villages, this route starts with a good climb on the edge of the Wolds and finishes with level cycling on the middle marsh



Overall Distance: 13.5 miles Terrain: Mainly country roads, some busy roads Highest Point: 62 metres above sea level Lowest Point: 12 metres above sea level Journey Time: @ 8 mph = 1 1 hours and breaks





LINCOLNSHIBE

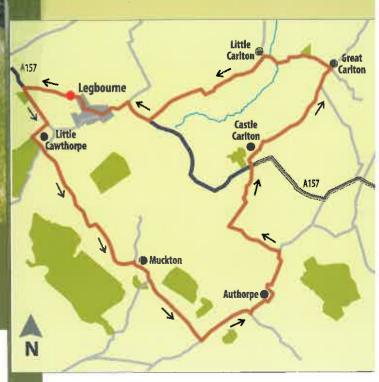


Cycling is a great way to keep fit and appreciate the countryside. These easy to read leaflets provide useful information on mileage, approximate timing and gradient.

A simple map and points of interests are included - for those times when you need to catch your breath, admire the countryside or explore the area.

Good Cycling Code

- Always follow the Highway Code
- Be safe and be seen wear a helmet and use lights
- By courteous to other path and road users
- Take plenty of water and have a drink regularly

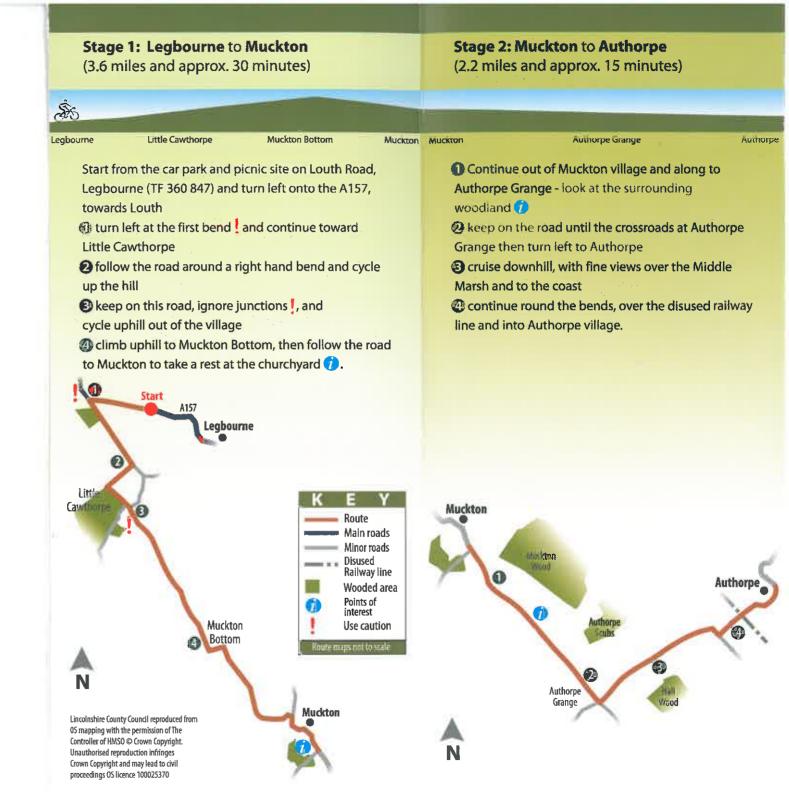












Stage 3: Authorpe to Great Carlton

(3.7 mile and approx. 30 minutes)

Stage 4: Great Carlton to Riverhead (4 miles and approx. 30 minutes)



Authorpe

Willoughby Lane

Castle Carlton

Great Carlton

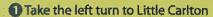
Great Caritor

Little Canton

Legbourn

Carlton

- **1** Continue along through Authorpe
- turn left at the junction, signposted Castle Carlton and Louth
- Socontinue along and round the bend, onto Rats Pen Lane
- at the main road junction, cross the road and continue towards Castle Carlton
- continue straight on into Great Carlton to the junction at the end of this lane
- 6 look out for the left turn to Little Carlton.



- ② continue through this pretty village and past the disused watermill
- 3 take a left turn at the junction, signposted Legbourne
- © continue on this lane to eventually meet a junction with the busy main road
- sturn right at this junction and cycle all the way through Legbourne
- past the village look out for the car park on yourleft and the end of the route.





Points of interest

Muckton Churchyard

This pretty little churchyard lies at the centre of the village. The small church that once stood here had been rebuilt in 1878 but was declared redundant and removed in the early 1980s. The churchyard is still in use, with graves regularly tended and cared for. There is a bench in this tranquil and peaceful spot which makes an ideal place for a quiet break. The roofed gate that forms the entrance to the churchyard is known as a lychgate, look for the dedication plaque that reveals the appropriate name of its maker.



Bluebells blanketing the floor of a wood

Old aerial photo of Muckton church



Woodlands

The land here on the eastern edge of the chalk has a covering of clay left by the retreating ice sheets, providing ideal conditions for trees to flourish. Some of the surrounding woodland has remained under tree cover since 1600, allowing traditional woodland plants such as bluebells, wood sorrel and violets to thrive undisturbed and earning it the title of ancient woodland.

Rats Pen Lane

The wide grass road verges on Rats Pen Lane are a haven for a variety of insects, small mammals and in summer are coloured with a variety of wildflowers. The verges are within the Roadside Nature Reserves scheme run by Lincolnshire Wildlife Trust in conjunction with Lincolnshire County Council. They are managed to ensure they continue as an example of unimproved grassland that was once widespread through the county.





All Saint's Church Legbourne

Legbourne Medieval Village

As you cycle through Legbourne back to the car park, take a look at the fields in the village. Here lie the remains of the medieval larger settlement of Legbourne – only visible as lumps and bumps in the fields but depicting the outlines of medieval crofts (yards) and tofts (house platforms). Unlike deserted villages, which were abandoned totally, Legbourne survived at a reduced size, before thriving once more as a present day village.

The Carltons

The three settlements of Castle, Great and Little Carlton are all cycled through but what does the name Carlton actually mean? Well, the first part is from the Old Norse language, karl, meaning a free peasant and the second part is taken from the Old English tün, meaning settlement, farm or village. So, the name Carlton means 'settlement of the free peasant'. The remains of a motte and double bailey castle can be found at Castle Carlton, it was founded in the 12th century, forming part of the estate of Hugh Bardolf. You can only approach on foot and dense tree cover makes it hard to see the original layout of the castle. The motte was the central mound that carried the castle's main tower or keep, the baileys were the surrounding walls. The Normans introduced the design and it is thought that at one time there were over 1,000 of this type of castle across the country.

